

There are no translations available.

Ecco un'esempio di script da usare nella cartella di #etc/init.d

```
01          #!/bin/bash
02          # myapp daemon
03          # chkconfig: 345 20 80
04          # description: myapp daemon
05          # processname: myapp
06
07          DAEMON_PATH="/home/wes/Development/projects/myapp"
08
09          DAEMON=myapp
10          DAEMONOPTS="-my opts"
11
12          NAME=myapp
13          DESC="My daemon description"
14          PIDFILE=/var/run/$NAME.pid
15          SCRIPTNAME=/etc/init.d/$NAME
16
17          case "$1" in
18          start)
19              printf "%-50s" "Starting $NAME..."
20              cd $DAEMON_PATH
21              PID=`$DAEMON $DAEMONOPTS > /dev/null 2>&1 & echo $!`
22              #echo "Saving PID" $PID " to " $PIDFILE
23              if [ -z $PID ]; then
24                  printf "%s\n" "Fail"
25              else
26                  echo $PID > $PIDFILE
27                  printf "%s\n" "Ok"
28              fi
29              ;;
30          status)
31              printf "%-50s" "Checking $NAME..."
32              if [ -f $PIDFILE ]; then
33                  PID=`cat $PIDFILE`
34                  if [ -z "`ps axf | grep ${PID} | grep -v grep`" ]; then
35                      printf "%s\n" "Process dead but pidfile exists"
36                  else
37                      echo "Running"
```

```
38         fi
39         else
40         printf "%s\n" "Service not running"
41         fi
42         ;;
43     stop)
44         printf "%-50s" "Stopping $NAME"
45         PID=`cat $PIDFILE`
46         cd $DAEMON_PATH
47         if [ -f $PIDFILE ]; then
48         kill -HUP $PID
49         printf "%s\n" "Ok"
50         rm -f $PIDFILE
51         else
52         printf "%s\n" "pidfile not found"
53         fi
54         ;;
55
56     restart)
57         $0 stop
58         $0 start
59         ;;
60
61     *)
62         echo "Usage: $0 {status|start|stop|restart}"
63         exit 1
64
65         esac
```

Una volta creato il proprio script personale è indispensabile specificare il runlevel tramite il comando `#update-rc.d nomeservizio defaults`

PS.

E' necessario specificare le direttive a inizio file altrimenti potrebbe dare errori nel caricamento automatico come servizio:

```
### BEGIN INIT INFO
# Provides:      example
# Required-Start: $remote_fs $syslog
```

Init.d servizi di sistema autostart

Written by Graziano - Last Updated Wednesday, 12 June 2013 19:28

```
# Required-Stop:  $remote_fs $syslog
# Default-Start:  2 3 4 5
# Default-Stop:   0 1 6
# Short-Description: Example initscript
# Description:    This file should be used to construct scripts to be
#                placed in /etc/init.d.
### END INIT INFO
```